

**Seventy-ninth session**

Agenda item 71 (b)

**Promotion and protection of human rights: human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms****Resolution adopted by the General Assembly  
on 17 December 2024***[on the report of the Third Committee (A/79/458/Add.2, para. 99)]***79/177. The role of Ombudsman and mediator institutions in the promotion and protection of human rights, good governance and the rule of law***The General Assembly,**Reaffirming its commitment to the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,<sup>1</sup>**Recalling the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action adopted by the World Conference on Human Rights on 25 June 1993,<sup>2</sup> in which the Conference reaffirmed the important and constructive role played by national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights,**Reaffirming its resolutions 65/207 of 21 December 2010, 67/163 of 20 December 2012, 69/168 of 18 December 2014, 71/200 of 19 December 2016, 72/186 of 19 December 2017, 75/186 of 16 December 2020 and 77/224 of 15 December 2022 on the role of Ombudsman and mediator institutions in the promotion and protection of human rights, good governance and the rule of law,**Recalling the principles relating to the status of national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights (the Paris Principles), welcomed by the General Assembly in its resolution 48/134 of 20 December 1993 and annexed thereto,**Acknowledging the principles on the protection and promotion of the Ombudsman institution (the Venice Principles),*<sup>1</sup> Resolution 217 A (III).<sup>2</sup> A/CONF.157/24 (Part I), chap. III.

*Recalling* its previous resolutions on national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights, in particular resolutions [66/169](#) of 19 December 2011, [68/171](#) of 18 December 2013, [70/163](#) of 17 December 2015, [74/156](#) of 18 December 2019 and [76/170](#) of 16 December 2021, as well as Human Rights Council resolutions [23/17](#) of 13 June 2013,<sup>3</sup> [27/18](#) of 25 September 2014,<sup>4</sup> [33/15](#) of 29 September 2016,<sup>5</sup> [39/17](#) of 28 September 2018,<sup>6</sup> [45/22](#) of 6 October 2020,<sup>7</sup> [51/31](#) of 7 October 2022<sup>8</sup> and [57/23](#) of 10 October 2024,<sup>9</sup>

*Reaffirming* the functional and structural differences between national human rights institutions, on the one hand, and Ombudsman and mediator institutions, on the other, and underlining in this regard that reports on the implementation of General Assembly resolutions on the role of the Ombudsman and mediator institutions by the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights should be stand-alone reports,

*Noting with appreciation* that some Ombudsman or mediator institutions have been designated as national preventive mechanisms under the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment,<sup>10</sup>

*Acknowledging* the long history of Ombudsman institutions and the subsequent extensive developments throughout the world in creating and strengthening Ombudsman and mediator institutions, and recognizing the important role that these institutions can play, in accordance with their mandate, in the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, promoting good governance and respect for the rule of law by addressing the imbalance of power between the individual and the providers of public services,

*Welcoming* the rapidly growing interest throughout the world in the creation and strengthening of Ombudsman and mediator institutions, and recognizing the important role that these institutions can play, in accordance with their mandate, in support of national complaint resolution,

*Recognizing* the essential efforts of Ombudsman and mediator institutions in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals, including Goal 16, by fostering peaceful and inclusive societies and providing free and accessible complaints mechanisms, identifying systemic issues, and thus enhancing the effectiveness, accountability and inclusiveness of public administration at all levels,

*Encouraging* Member States to establish independent Ombudsman and mediator institutions and to strengthen existing institutions, including by ensuring their independence, consistent with relevant principles, including the Venice Principles, and to consider seeking the assistance of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights in this regard,

<sup>3</sup> See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 53 (A/68/53)*, chap. V, sect. A.

<sup>4</sup> *Ibid.*, *Sixty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 53A* and corrigenda ([A/69/53/Add.1](#), [A/69/53/Add.1/Corr.1](#) and [A/69/53/Add.1/Corr.2](#)), chap. IV, sect. A.

<sup>5</sup> *Ibid.*, *Seventy-first Session, Supplement No. 53A* and corrigendum ([A/71/53/Add.1](#) and [A/71/53/Add.1/Corr.1](#)), chap. II.

<sup>6</sup> *Ibid.*, *Seventy-third Session, Supplement No. 53A (A/73/53/Add.1)*, chap. III.

<sup>7</sup> *Ibid.*, *Seventy-fifth Session, Supplement No. 53A (A/75/53/Add.1)*, chap. III.

<sup>8</sup> *Ibid.*, *Seventy-seventh Session, Supplement No. 53A (A/77/53/Add.1)*, chap. II, sect. A.

<sup>9</sup> *Ibid.*, *Seventy-ninth Session, Supplement No. 53A (A/79/53/Add.1)*, chap. III, sect. A.

<sup>10</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 2375, No. 24841.

*Recognizing* that the role of Ombudsman and mediator institutions, whether they are national human rights institutions or not, is the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, promotion of good governance and respect for the rule of law, as a separate and additional function, but also as an integral part to all other aspects of their work,

*Underlining* the importance of autonomy and independence from the executive or judicial branches of Government, its agencies or political parties, of Ombudsman and mediator institutions, where they exist, in order to enable them to consider all issues related to their fields of competence, without real or perceived threat to their procedural ability or efficiency and without fear of reprisal, intimidation or recrimination in any form, whether online or offline, that may threaten their functioning or the physical safety and security of their officials,

*Noting with serious concern* that Ombudsman and mediator institutions, where they exist, may be under threat, whether to their autonomy or credibility, to their budgets or to the physical safety and security of their officials,

*Deeply concerned* that some Ombudsman and mediator institutions face challenges related to conflict situations, current political conditions in their different contexts, systemic discrimination, the devastating impact of climate change, the shrinking of civic space, staff harassment, resource cutting and politicized selection and appointment processes,

*Considering* the role of Ombudsman and mediator institutions in promoting good governance in public administrations and improving their relations with citizens, in promoting respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and in strengthening the delivery of public services, by promoting the rule of law, good governance, transparency, accountability and fairness, thus contributing to the implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 16,

*Considering also* the important role of the existing Ombudsman and mediator institutions in contributing to the effective realization of the rule of law and respect for the principles of justice and equality,

*Acknowledging* the importance of affording these institutions, as appropriate, the necessary mandate, including the authority to assess, monitor and, where provided for by national legislation, investigate matters on their own initiative, as well as protection to allow action to be taken independently and effectively against unfairness towards any person or group and the importance of State support for the autonomy, competence and impartiality of the Ombudsman and of the process,

*Stressing* the importance of the financial and administrative independence and stability of these institutions, and noting with satisfaction the efforts of those States that have provided their Ombudsman and mediator institutions with more autonomy and independence, including by giving them an investigative role or enhancing such a role,

*Stressing also* that these institutions, where they exist, can play an important role in advising Governments with respect to drafting or amending existing national laws and policies, ratifying relevant international instruments and bringing national legislation and national practices into line with their States' international human rights obligations,

*Stressing further* the importance of international cooperation between Ombudsman offices and mediators, and recalling the role played by regional and international associations of Ombudsman and mediator institutions in promoting cooperation and sharing best practices,

*Encouraging* the Ombudsman and mediator institutions to share best practices on their work and functioning, and to continue engaging actively with the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, the International Ombudsman Institute, the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions and other regional networks and associations to exchange experiences, lessons learned and best practices,

*Underscoring* the importance of appointing focal points in public administration to facilitate the exchange of information with Ombudsman and mediator institutions and ensure the efficient handling of complaints,

*Noting with satisfaction* the active continuing work of the global network of Ombudsmen, the International Ombudsman Institute, and the close cooperation with the active regional Ombudsman and mediator associations and networks, namely, the Association of Mediterranean Ombudsmen, the Ibero-American Federation of Ombudsmen, the Association of Ombudsmen and Mediators of la Francophonie, the Asian Ombudsman Association, the African Ombudsman and Mediators Association, the Arab Ombudsman Network, the European Mediation Network Initiative, the Pacific Ombudsman Alliance, the Eurasian Ombudsman Alliance, and other active Ombudsman and mediator associations and networks,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General;<sup>11</sup>
2. *Strongly encourages* Member States:

(a) To consider the creation or the strengthening of independent and autonomous Ombudsman and mediator institutions at the national level and, where applicable, at the regional or local level, consistent with the principles on the protection and promotion of the Ombudsman institution (the Venice Principles), either as national human rights institutions or alongside them;

(b) To endow Ombudsman and mediator institutions, where they exist, with the necessary constitutional and legislative framework, as well as State support and protection, adequate financial allocation for staffing and other budgetary needs, a broad mandate across all public services, the powers necessary to ensure that they have the tools they need to select issues, resolve maladministration, investigate thoroughly and communicate results, and all other appropriate means, in order to ensure the efficient and independent exercise of their mandate and to strengthen the legitimacy and credibility of their actions as mechanisms for the promotion and protection of human rights and the promotion of good governance and respect for the rule of law;

(c) Where they exist, to take the appropriate steps to ensure that the means of appointment of the Ombudsman or mediator respect the full independence and State recognition of, as well as respect for, the Ombudsman and mediator institutions and their work;

(d) To provide for the clear mandate of Ombudsman and mediator institutions, where they exist, to enable the prevention and appropriate resolution of any unfairness and maladministration and the promotion and protection of human rights, and to report on their activities, as may be appropriate, both generally and on specific issues;

(e) To ensure that the Ombudsman and mediator institutions and their staff have appropriate protections from unwarranted and arbitrary abuses of legal process in respect of matters carried out in connection with their lawful duties and obligations;

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<sup>11</sup> [A/79/307](#).

(f) To take the appropriate steps to ensure that adequate protection exists for Ombudsman and mediator institutions, where they exist, against coercion, reprisals, intimidation or threat, including from other authorities, and that these acts are promptly and duly investigated and the perpetrators held accountable;

(g) To give due consideration to the principles relating to the status of national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights (the Paris Principles)<sup>12</sup> when assigning to the Ombudsman or the mediator institution the role of national preventive mechanisms and national monitoring mechanisms;

(h) To develop and conduct, as appropriate, outreach activities at the national level, in collaboration with all relevant stakeholders, in order to raise awareness of the important role of Ombudsman and mediator institutions;

(i) To share and exchange best practices on the work and functioning of their Ombudsman and mediator institutions, in collaboration with the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and with the International Ombudsman Institute and other international and regional Ombudsman organizations;

3. *Recognizes* that, in accordance with the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, it is the right of each State to choose the framework for national institutions, including those of the Ombudsman and the mediator, which is best suited to its particular needs at the national level, in order to promote human rights in accordance with international human rights instruments;

4. *Encourages* Member States to ensure adequate protection for their respective Ombudsman and mediator institutions against coercion, reprisals, intimidation or threat;

5. *Also encourages* Member States to ensure that adequate funding is provided to their respective Ombudsman and mediator institutions to enable them to discharge their mandates in an independent and efficient manner;

6. *Recognizes* that the practical effectiveness of the chosen framework for such national institutions should be monitored and assessed, consistent with internationally accepted and recognized standards, and that this framework should neither threaten the autonomy nor the independence of the institution nor diminish its ability to carry out its mandate;

7. *Welcomes* the active participation of the Office of the High Commissioner in all international and regional meetings of Ombudsman and mediator institutions, whether in person or, alternatively, by electronic means;

8. *Calls upon* Member States to refrain from abolishing Ombudsman or mediator institutions, where they exist, with a view to upholding the right to access to justice and effective and accountable public administration;

9. *Encourages* Member States and regional and international Ombudsman and mediator institutions to regularly interact, exchange information and share best practices with the Office of the High Commissioner on all matters of relevance;

10. *Encourages* the Office of the High Commissioner, through its advisory services, to develop and support activities dedicated to the existing Ombudsman and mediator institutions and to strengthen their role within national systems for human rights protection;

11. *Recognizes* that Ombudsman and mediator institutions, that are mandated to promote and protect all human rights, are encouraged to request, in cooperation

<sup>12</sup> Resolution 48/134, annex.

with the Office of the High Commissioner, accreditation by the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions;

12. *Encourages* Ombudsman and mediator institutions, where they exist:

(a) To operate, as appropriate, in accordance with all relevant international instruments, including the Paris Principles and the Venice Principles, in order to strengthen their independence and autonomy and to enhance their capacity to assist Member States in the promotion and protection of human rights and the promotion of good governance and respect for the rule of law;

(b) To request, in cooperation with the Office of the High Commissioner, their accreditation by the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions, where the Ombudsman or mediator institution is the national human rights institution, in order to enable them to interact effectively with the relevant human rights bodies of the United Nations system;

(c) To publicly report, in the interests of accountability and transparency, to the authority that appoints the Ombudsman or the mediator of Member States on their activities at least annually;

(d) To cooperate with relevant State bodies and develop cooperation with civil society organizations, without compromising their autonomy or independence;

(e) To conduct awareness-raising activities on their roles and functions, in collaboration with all relevant stakeholders;

(f) To engage with the International Ombudsman Institute, the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions and other regional networks and associations, with a view to exchanging experiences, lessons learned and best practices;

13. *Requests* the President of the General Assembly to hold, within existing resources, during the eightieth session, a high-level panel on the theme “The importance of complying with the Venice Principles for Ombudsman institutions to strengthen the institutions’ independence and autonomy and create an enabling environment to perform their mandate nationally and internationally” and prepare a summary of the discussion for transmission to all Member States;

14. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its eighty-first session on the implementation of the present resolution, in particular on the role played by the Ombudsman and mediator institutions in the implementation of Sustainable Development Goals, specifically Goal 16, as well as on solutions to promote the role and work of Ombudsman and mediator institutions in the promotion and protection of human rights, good governance and the rule of law.

*53rd plenary meeting  
17 December 2024*